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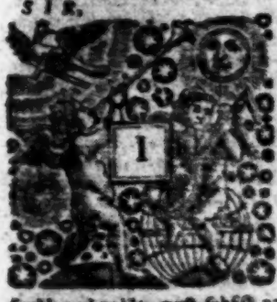
SATURDAY *January* 27. 1721.

To the Author of the LONDON JOURNAL.

SIR,



GO on with my Conſiderations upon Liberty, to ſhew that all Civil Virtue and Happineſs, and every moral Excellency, all Politeneſs and all good Arts and Sciences, are produced by Liberty; and that all Wickedneſs, Baſeneſs and Miſery, are immediately and neceſſarily produced by Tyranny; which being founded upon the Deſtruction of every Thing that is valuable, deſirable and noble, muſt ſubſiſt upon Means ſuitable to its Nature, and remain in everlaſting Enmity to all Goodneſs and every human Being.

By the Eſtabliſhment of Liberty, a due Diſtribution of Property and an equal Diſtribution of Juſtice is eſtabliſh'd and ſecur'd. As Rapine is the Child of Oppreſſion, Juſtice is the Offspring of Liberty, and her Hand-maid; it is the Guardian of Innocence, and the Terror of Vice: And when Fame, Honour and Advantages are the Rewards of Virtue, the will be courted for the Dower ſhe brings; otherwiſe, like Beauty without Wealth, ſhe may be praiſed, but more probably will be calumniated, envied, and very often perſecuted; while Vice, when it is gainful, like rich Deformity and proſperous Folly, will be admir'd and purſued. Where Virtue is all her own Reward, ſhe will be little thought on; and few will buy that for a great Price, which will ſell for none. So that Virtue, to be followed, muſt be endowed, and her Credit is beſt ſecur'd by her Intereſt; that is, ſhe muſt be ſtrengthen'd and recommended by the publick Laws, and embelliſh'd by publick Encouragements, or elſe ſhe will be ſlighted and ſham'd.

Now the Laws which encourage and encreaſe Virtue, are the fix'd Laws of general and impartial Liberty; Laws which being the Rule of every Man's Actions, and the Meaſure of every Man's Power, make Honeſty and Equity their Intereſt. Where Liberty is thoroughly eſtabliſh'd and its Laws equally executed, every Man will find his Account in doing as he would be done unto, and no Man will take from another what he would not part with himſelf: Honour and Advantage will follow the Upright, and Puniſhment overtake the Oppreſſor. The Property of the Poor will be as ſacred as the Privileges of the Prince, and the Law will be the only Badge of both. Every Man's honeſt Induſtry and uſeful Talents will be employ'd for the Publick, will be employ'd for himſelf; and while he ſerves himſelf, he will ſerve the Publick: Publick and private Intereſt will ſtrengthen each other; and all will chearfully give a Part to preſerve the Whole, and be brave to defend it.

Theſe certain Laws therefore are the only certain Beginnings and Cauſes of Morality and Virtue amongſt Men. There may be other Motives, I own; but ſuch as only ſway particular Men, few enough, God knows: and univerſal Experience has ſhewn us, that they are not generally perſuading, and never to be depended upon. How ſtrict Laws are to be produced by Liberty alone, and only by ſuch Laws can Liberty be ſtor'd and ſecur'd: And to make Laws certainly good, they muſt be made by general Agreement, and have for their End the general Intereſt.

(Price Three Halfpence.)

But Tyranny muſt ſtand upon Force; and the Laws of Tyranny being only the fickle Will and unſteady Appetite of one Man, which may vary every Hour; there can be no ſettled Rule of Right and Wrong in the variable Humours and ſudden Paſſions of a Tyrant, who, though he may ſometimes puniſh Crimes more out of Rage than Juſtice, will be much more likely to perſecute and oppreſs Innocence; and to deſtroy Thouſands cruelly, for one that he protects juſtly. There are inſtances of Princes, who, being out of Humour with a Favourite, have put to Death all that ſpoke well of him, and afterwards all that did not: Of Princes, who put ſome of their Miniſters to Death, for uſing one or two of his Barbers and Buffoons ill; and others, for uſing a whole Country well: Of Princes, who have deſtroyed a whole People for the Crimes or Virtues of one Man; and who, having kill'd a Minion in a Paſſion, have, to revenge themſelves upon thoſe who had not provok'd them, deſtroy'd, in the ſame unreaſonable Fury, a Hundred of their Servants who had no Hand in it, as well as all that had; who yet would have been deſtroy'd, had they not done it: Of Princes, who have deſtroy'd Millions in ſingle mad Projects and Expeditions: Of Princes, who have given up Cities and Provinces to the Revenge or Avarice of a vile Woman or Eunuch, to be plunder'd or maſſacred, or burn'd, as he or ſhe thought fit to direct; and of Princes, who, to gratify the Ambition and Rapine of a few ſorry Servants, have loſt the Hearts of their whole People, and detach'd themſelves from their good Subjects, to protect theſe Men in their Iniquity, who yet had done them no other Service, but that of deſtroying their Reputation and ſhaking their Throne.

Such are Arbitrary Princes, whoſe Laws are nothing but ſudden Fury, or laſting Folly and Wickedneſs in uncertain Shapes. —— Hopeful Rules theſe, for the governing of Mankind and making them Happy! Rules which are none, ſince they cannot be depended upon for a Moment, and generally change for the worſe, if that can be. A Subject worth Twenty Thouſand Pounds to Day, may, by a ſudden Edict iſſued by the dark Counſel of a Tyrant, be a Beggar to Morrow, and loſe his Life without ſuſpecting the ſame. The Property of a whole Kingdom ſhall be great, or little, or none, juſt at the Mercy of a Secretary's Pen, guided by a Child or a Dotard, or a fooliſh Woman, or a favourite Buffoon, or a Gameſter, or whoever is uppermoſt for the Day; and the next Day ſhall alter entirely the Yeſterday's Scheme, tho' not for the better; and the ſame Men in different Humours ſhall be the Authors of both. Thus in Arbitrary Countries, a Law aged two Days is an old Law; and no Law is eſteem'd to be a ſtanding Law, but ſuch as are found by long Experience to be ſo very bad and ſo throughly deſtructive, that Human Malice and all the Arts of a Tyrant's Court cannot make them worſe. —A Court which never ceaſes to ſqueeze, kill and oppreſs, till it has wound up human Miſery ſo high, that it will go no further. This is ſo much Fact, that I appeal to all Hiſtory and Travels, and to thoſe that read them, whether in Arbitrary Countries, both in Europe and out of it, the People do not grow daily thinner, and their Miſery greater; and whether Countries are not peopled and rich in Proportion to the Liberty they enjoy and allow.

It has been long my Opinion, and is more and more ſo, that in ſeveral Countries the People muſt either throw off their cruel and deſtroying Governments, and ſet up another in its Room, or in ſome Ages the Race of Mankind there will be extinct. Indeed, it is but not been for five Years that have ſtop'd and prevented in many Places the Miſchief done by Ty-

rants.

reans, the Earth had been long since a Defart, as the finest Countries in it are at this Day by that Means. The Gardens of the World, the fruitful and lovely Countries of the lower *Asia*, fill'd formerly by Liberty with Peoples, Politeness and Plenty, are now gloriously peopled with Owls and Grashoppers; and perhaps here and there at vast Distances, with Inhabitants not more valuable and less happy, a few dirty Huts of Slaves groaning, starving and perishing under the further by Protection of the *Sultan*, a Prince of the most Orthodox Standard.

The Laws therefore of Tyrants are not Laws, but wild Acts of Will consulted by Rage or Folly, and executed by Dragoons. And as these Laws are Evil, all Sorts of Evil must conspire to support them. While the People have common Sense left, they will easily see whether they are justly govern'd and well or ill rul'd; whether they are protected or plunder'd: They will know that no Man ought to be the Director of the Affairs of all without their Consent; that no Consent can give him unlimited Power over their Bodies and Minds, and that the Laws of Nature can never be entirely abrogated by positive Laws; but that on the contrary, the entring into Society and becoming subject to Government, is only the parting with natural Liberty in some Instances, to be protected in the Enjoyment of it in others.

So that for any Man to have Arbitrary Power, he must have it without Consent; or if it is unadvisedly given at first, they who gave it soon repent when they find its Effects. And in Truth, all those Princes that have such Power, do by keeping up great Armies in time of Peace, effectually confess that they rule without Consent, and dread their People, whose worst Enemies they undoubtedly are. An Arbitrary Prince therefore must preserve and exercise his Power by Force and Terror; which yet will not do, without calling in the Auxiliary Aids and strict Allies of Tyranny, Imposture and constant Oppression. Let his People be ever so low and miserable, if they are not also blind, he is not safe. He must have established Deceivers to mislead them with Lies, and terrify them with the Wrath of God, in case they stir Hand or Foot, or so much as a Thought, to mend their doleful Condition; as if the good God was the Sanctifier of all Villany and the Patron of the worst of all Villains: And he must have a Band of standing Cut-Throats to murder all Men who would sacrilegiously defend their own. And both his Cut-Throats and his Deceivers must go Shares with him in his Tyranny.

Men will naturally see their Interest and feel their Condition; and will quickly find that the Sword, the Rack and the Sponge, are not Government, but the Height of Cruelty and Robbery, and will never submit to them, but by the united Powers of Violence and Delusion: Their Bodies must be chain'd, and their Minds enchanted and deceived, and the Sword must be kept constantly over their Heads, and their Spirits kept low with Poverty, before they can be brought to be us'd at the wanton and brutish Pleasure of the most dignified and lofty Oppressor. So that God must be belied, and his Creatures must be tortur'd, frighten'd, destroy'd and starv'd, and Mankind made base and unlean, that one of the worst of them may live riotously and safely amongst his Whores, Butchers and Buffoons.

Men, therefore, must cease to be Men, and in Stupidity and Tameness grow Caste, before they can become quiet Subjects to such a Government, which is a Complication of all the Villanies, Falsehood, Oppression, Cruelty and Depredation upon the Face of the Earth: Nor can there be a more provoking, impudent, shocking and blasphemous Position, than to affirm that all this Groupe of Horrors, or the Author of them, is of God's Appointment.

If such Kings are by God appointed,
Satan may be the Lord's anointed.

And whoever frames such a Doctrine ought, by all the Laws of God, Reason, and Self-Preservation, to be put to Death as a general Poisoner, and an Advocate for publick Destruction.

All Men own, that it is the Duty of a Prince to protect his People: And some have said, that it is their Duty to obey him, when he Butchers them —— An admirable Consequence, and full of sweet Consolation! His whole Business and Office is to defend them, and do them good; therefore, they are bound to let him destroy them —— Was ever such Impudence in an enlighten'd Country? It is perfectly agreeable to the Doctrines and Followers of *Mahomet*: But shall *Englishmen*, who make their own Laws, be told, that they have no Right to the common Air, and to the Life and Business which God has given them; but by the Permission of an Officer of their own making, who is what he is only for their Safety and Security, and has no more Right to such Blessings, nor to do Evil than one of themselves? And shall we be told this by Men, who are naturally the first to violate their own Doctrines? Or shall they after this have the Front to teach us any Doctrine, or to recommend to us any one Virtue, when they have thus given up all Virtue and Truth, and every Blessing that Life affords? For there is no Evil, Misery and Wickedness, which arbitrary Monarchies do not produce, and must produce; nor do they, or can they produce any certain, general or diffusive Good.

I have shewn, in my last, that an arbitrary Prince cannot protect his People if he would; and I add here, that he does not. It would disgust the best-tempers of his Power, and the Sharers in his Oppression, who will consider the Property of the People as the Perquisite of their Office, and claim a Privilege of being little Tyrants for making him a great one: So that every Kindness to his Subjects will be a Grievance to his Servants, and he must assist and exercise his Tyranny to the Height for their Sakes, or they will do it for him. And the Instances are rare, if any, of any absolute Monarch's proceeding in earnest for his People against the Depredations of his Ministers and Soldiers, but it has cost him his Life; as may be shewn by many Examples in the *Roman* History: For thus the Emperor *Pertinax* was murder'd, and so was Galba.

Machiavel has told us, that it is impossible for such a Prince to please both his People, and his Soldiers: The one will not be satisfied without Protection, nor the other without Rapine: To comply with the People, he must give up his Power; and to comply with his Soldiers, he must give up his People. So that to continue what he is, and to preserve himself from the Violence of his Followers, he must countenance all their Villanies and Oppression, and be himself no more than an imperial Thief at the Head of a Band of Thieves; for which Character he is generally well qualified by the base and cruel Maxims of that sort of Power, and by the vile Education always given to such a Prince, by the worst and most infamous of all Men, their supple and lying Sycophants.

Even the Christian Religion can do but little or no Good in Lands of Tyranny, since Miracles have ceas'd; but is made to do infinite Harm, by being corrupted and perverted into a deadly Engine in the Hands of a Tyrant and his Impostors, to rivet his Subjects Chains, and to confirm them thorough Wretches, Slaves and Ignorance. I cannot indeed say, that they have the Christian Religion at all amongst them, but only use its amiable Name to countenance abominable Falsehoods and Nonsense, and heavy Oppression, and to defend furious and implacable Bigotry, which is the direct Characteristick and Spirit of Mahometanism, and destroys the very Genius and first Principles of Christianity. All this will be further shewn hereafter. I shall conclude with observing, that arbitrary Monarchy is a constant War upon Heaven and Earth, and against the Souls as well as Bodies and Properties of Men.

I am, SIR, Your humble Servant,

CATO.

P. S. This Subject will be continued.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

THE Swedish Minister is recalled from Copenhagen, and the King of Denmark has ordered Twelve Men of War to be immediately equipped, which 'tis feared might occasion new Troubles in the North.——The Venetians are under strong Apprehensions from the Side of Turkey; the Turks having ordered their Troops to be recruited, and their Magazines stored with the utmost Expedition.——The Protestant Ministers have made new Remonstrances to the Emperor, new Grievances being daily added in the Palatinate, instead of the old ones redressed.—— The Infection in France still continues to decline more and more; and they assure us that Provence is entirely free of it.

LONDON.

ON Saturday last about One in the Morning, the Lord Cornwallis died at his House in Bond-street, and is succeeded in Honour and Estate by his eldest Son, the Honourable Charles Cornwallis, Esq; one of the Gentlemen of the Bedchamber to his Majesty.

The same Day about Noon dy'd at the Bath, after a long Illness, the Right Honourable the Lord Robert Darcy, Earl of Holderness, Baron Darcy, Meynil, and Conyers, Privy-Councillor, Chief Justice and Justice in Eyre North of Trent, and Lord Lieutenant of the North Riding of Yorkshire.

The same Day, in the Afternoon, his Grace Charles Montague, Duke and Earl of Manchester, &c. departed this Life at his House in Arlington-street. His Grace is succeeded in Honour and Estate by his eldest Son, Charles Lord Viscount Mandeville.

On Sunday about Twelve a Clock, died of a Fever and Pleurisy, at his House in Dover-street, the Duke of Bolton, who is succeeded in Honour and Estate by his eldest Son, Charles Lord Marquis of Winchester, Colonel of the Royal Blue Regiment of Horse, formerly the Lord of Orford's.

Since our last deceas'd also James Carnegie, Esq; to the late Earl of Southesque. —— The Countess Dowager of Southesque. By the Death of whom there is fallen 583 l. 6 s. and 8 d. per Annum to the York-Buildings Company.

The

The Lady Newburgh, Wife to the preſent Lord Newburgh.

Mr. Charles Brent, late Chaplain to the Duke of Shrewsbury, and Library-Keeper of Chriſt-Church College, in Oxford.

Alſo after a few Days Illneſs, Dr. Chamberlain, the Phyſician.

And we hear, that the Lord Roſcommon, of the Kingdom of Ireland, is lately dead there.

The Earl of Bradford lies dangerouſly ill.

The Actor who plays Arlequin at the French Houſe in the May-market, had the Misfortune laſt Week to loſe two Fingers of his Right Hand, by diſcharging a Piſtol in the Part he was performing.

We hear, that a new Treaty of Commerce is in Hand between Great-Britain and Portugal, for the Concluſion of which the Engliſh Merchants ſeem very ſolliciteous.

The ſeveral Accounts that have been publiſhed of James Shaw, who is under Sentence of Death in Newgate, of his ſtripping himſelf to his Shirt and Nightcap in falſe, he appearing altogether unconcerned at his approaching Fate.

The Truſtees of the forfeited Eſtates of the late Directors of the South-Sea Company, have obliged them to give Security, that they ſhall not embezzle or carry off any of thoſe Goods and Chattels, &c. that by the late Act are forfeited to the Publick: And it's generally believed that the Sale of all their Eſtates and Effects will produce Two Millions and upwards.

It's ſaid the Gentleman, who was formerly concerned with Mr. Wingfield and Roberts in Portugal, and who accuſed the ſaid Gentlemen to that Court, of thoſe Practices that brought their late great Calamity upon their Heads, will at length be yielded to in his Demands of his Share of the Profits in Trade, amounting, it's ſaid to upwards of Two Thouſand Moidores per Ann. the refuſal of which was the cauſe of thoſe Troubles, and obliged the ſaid Gentleman to ſeek Relief by thoſe violent Meaſures, that had like to have ended very Tragically. We hear the Effects of thoſe two Gentlemen, Wingfield and Roberts, were compoſed in the Chamber of Lisbon to amount to Eighty Thouſand Pounds our Money.

The Eaſt-India Company are about to ſend out three Sloops of twelve Guns each, to act againſt the Pyrate Boats, &c. which annoy their Trade in the Eaſt-Indies; and we hear, they are to obſerve ſuch Orders as they ſhall from Time to Time receive from the Governours of the Factories whither they are ſent.

George Townſhend, Eſq; is appointed a Commiſſioner of the Stamp-Office in the Room of Nicholas Carew, Eſq; deceaſ'd.

Laſt Week ſome Workmen at Woolwich performed the Play called the Spaniſh Fryar at a Houſe in that Town, where we are aſſured the Character of the Fryar was played in quite another manner than it ever was at our Theatre Royal, the Perſon repreſenting the Friar appearing to the Audience through one whole Scene quite naked.

Laſt Week a Fire broke out at Mr. Gardiner's, a Diſtiller, at Holbourn Bridge, occaſion'd by the Head of the Still flying off, but there being Help in Time, it did but little Miſchief.

The *Muſcovy* Company have elected Mr. Carter to the Rectory of St. Mildred in the Poultry in the Room of Mr. Martin deceaſ'd; and as the ſaid Mr. Martin was a Prebendary of Norwich, we hear, Mr. Nicholas Penny of Queen's College in Cambridge ſucceeds him there.

We hear that the King of Portugal has ſignified to the Engliſh Factories at Lisbon and Oporto, that he will ſpeedily, whether the Treaty of Commerce be renewed or amended or not, grant them ſuch new Privileges as ſhall put our Trade with that Kingdom on a much better Foot than ever.

The Wear and Uſe of Eaſt-India Silks is like to be further prohibited.

We hear, that in a Committee on Ways and Means, it has been Reſolved, That ſo much Money as at Lady-Day 1722. ſhall be in the Exchequer of the Sinking Fund, ſhall be forthwith applied towards Diſcharging the Million of Exchequer Bills lent to the South-Sea Company. That after ſuch Application the South Sea Company ſhall be diſcharged from Circulating any Exchequer Bills, and further Time be given them for Repayment of the Principal Sum of One Million, in Conſideration they pay Five per Cent. Intereſt in the mean Time.

Dr. Hamilton of Derbyſhire is made Biſhop of Down and Connaugh in Ireland in the Room of Dr. *Pratt*, deceaſ'd: And his Majeſty hath been pleaſed to nominate Dr. Joſiah Hort, Dean of Ardagh, to be Lord Biſhop of Leighlin and Ferns in the ſame Kingdom.

On Friday the 19th Inſtant, a General Court of the South-Sea Company was held at Stephen Taylor's Hall, when (after the Minutes of the laſt General Court were read) the Sub-Governour, Sir John Eyles, open'd with a Speech importing the Thoughts of the Directors in relation to their preſent Circumſtances; and the Means to put their Affairs into a more advantageous Poſture than they were, and to avoid the preſent Diſtreſſes, they came to the following Reſolutions.

That the Court of Directors be impowered to treat for the Sale of ſuch a Proportion of the Funds or Annuities as may be neceſſary to anſwer the End of ſpeedily diſcharging the Debts of the Company, and removing its preſent Difficulties, provided ſuch Purchaſers remain Proprietors of the South-Sea Company; ſo that they ſtill carry it againſt all Ingraftments.

The Contract with the Bank was read, as alſo Three Council's Opinion, Whether the ſaid Contract was good and binding; and all their Opinions were in the Affirmative; and alſo, that the beſt Way of Proceeding againſt the Bank was by a Bill in Chancery or the Exchequer.

SIR,

I Have taken notice of a Letter in one of your late Journals, which complains of the Corruption of ſeveral Corporations in Parliamentary Elections; but, I think, there is an Abuſe of a more open and flagrant Kind, which has hitherto eſcap'd your Obſervation, relating to the Manner of chooſing Knights of the Shire.

There is nothing better known than that every Freeholder paying Scot and Lot for forty Shillings *per Ann.* has an undoubted Right to Vote for a Repreſentative in Parliament; and that all the Peers in *England* are excluded from interpoſing in that Affair: But I am inform'd, that Means have been found to leap over that *Barrier* of the Liberties of the *Engliſh* Commonalty againſt the approaching Elections; and that the Nobility and Gentlemen of ſeveral Counties have lately met together, and taken upon them to fix the reſpective Members of next Parliament, without the Concurrence, and even againſt the united Voice of the Body of the Freeholders.

But what is more extraordinary it, that both Parties (ſo far from watching the Encroachments of each other) join in this Oppreſſion, and *compromiſe* their old Diſputes, by admitting one of each Party to repreſent 'em; and ſo under Pretence of a Regard for *the Peace of the County*, are content to ſend at leaſt one Enemy to the Conſtitution, into the Legiſlative Body of the Nation.

It muſt certainly require a great deal of Reſolution to oppoſe a Confederacy of the worſt Men of both Parties: But I perſwade my ſelf, there are Numbers in every Part of *England*, who inherit the Remains of that Spirit, which now honours the Memory of their Anceſtors: They, whoſe Fathers have refuſ'd to put on the Shackles of a Prince, will not endure to have their Repreſentatives choſe by any but themſelves. Such an Attempt ought to be reſent'd as an Inſult upon the Underſtanding of the Freeholders, a Violation of the Freedom of Elections, and a deliberate Introduction to future Slavery.

I am, SIR, *Yours*, &c.

The Pilot who had Charge of his Majeſty's Ship the Hind, lately loſt in Jerſey Road, has been tried at a Court Martial held on Board the Kingſton at Spithead for that Purpoſe, where he was ſentenced to be impriſoned for 3 Years, but not to loſe his Pay, as hath been ſaid; in Purſuance of which Sentence he hath been brought up to Town and committed to the Marſhalſea.

There is advice in Town, that the Eagle, Captain Scot for Oporto, and the Dorothy, Captain Mawber, for Leghorne, have been loſt on the Coaſt of New England.

The Lord Chancellor hath committed ſome Perſons of Note to the Fleet, for a Contempt of the Court of Chancery, in relation to the Commiſſion of Idiocy againſt the Lord Wenman.

On Monday laſt part of the right Leg of a Man was found in a Cellar Window in Bartholomew Cloſe, which probably may have belonged to ſome Patient in the neighbouring Hoſpital, that has undergone an Amputation; ſome will have it either wife, and to be a Limb of one that has been murdered. If the Owner be not living, the Filth on it ſhewed plainly that he has not been long dead.

Laſt Week, Mr. Pomfret, an ancient Diſſenting Miniſter, was interred in the Diſſenters Burying-place by Bunhill Fields: His Hearſe was attended by Forty Mourning Coaches; and Sunday in the Afternoon, his Funeral Sermon was preached by Mr. Reynolds.

They write from Boſton in New England, Nov. 24. That upon the Tueſday before, ſome Hours before Day, a Granado-Shell, loaded with combuſtible Matter, with a lighted Fuſe to it, was by ſome unknown Perſon, thrown into the Houſe of the Reverend Dr. Cotton Mather, in the ſaid Town of Boſton, through the Caſh Window of one of his Chambers, to the Terror and Hazard of the People there, and to the endangering that and other neighbouring Houſes; and that his Excellency Samuel Shute, Eſq; the Governour, in Deteſtation of ſuch a villanous Action, had iſſued out a Proclamation, offering 50 l. Reward for diſcoſſing the Author and Actor of that Wickedneſs, ſo that he be ſtarted to Juſtice and convicted of

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the Crime; offering likewise the same Reward, and a Pardon to any of the Accomplices in the Fact, that shall make Discovery of the principal Actor or Actors as aforesaid.

On Saturday Night last John Warburton, Esq; Somerset Herald at Arms, (a Gentleman well known to the Publick by the accurate Survey of England that he is now employ'd about, and his other ingenious Performances) was attack'd by three Footpads in King-street, Westminster; who, after they had robb'd him of his Money, Watch, Sword, Rings, Snuff Box, and other Things, cut him in the Head in several Places, and so left him for dead. The said Gentleman lies now very ill of his Wounds, under the Care of an able Surgeon.

Some Days ago a Woman fell into a Brewer's Back at Execution Dock, full of hot Liquor, and was scalded to Death.

We hear from Bury St. Edmonds, that there now lie in the Goal of that Place, three Highwaymen, who have infested the Roads thereabouts, and committed many Robberies. One of these Rogues is a Black, who acted as Footman in all the Towns they came to, and wore a Livery, but on the Road upon an Attack disguised himself in a plain Riding Coat, and a Mask resembling the Face of a White Man, by which Artifice this villanous Confederacy was not detected of a long time, but at length they were discovered and committed to Bury Goal; but they broke out and were retaken about ten Miles from thence, and then thrust down loaded with double Irons into the Dungeon of the Prison; from which however they found means to open a Way to a Dunghil hard by, and were ready to escape, when they were again discovered; upon which they were chained down in such a Manner, as makes it impossible for them to escape.

On Wednesday last was held, a General Court of the South Sea Company, when after much Debate, it was resolved, that their Directors be empowered to treat with the Bank of England, for the Sale of so much of the South Sea Capital, as should enable that Company to discharge their Debts, and pay their Dividends in Money.

Old Army Debentures, now called Exchequer Annuities, from No 1 to 8000 are made into Orders at the Exchequer, and four Years and a Quarter Interest to Michaelmas last discharged; but the new ones, which exceed that Number, are not yet called in.

The Wine-Merchants of Paris have obtain'd Leave to send for Wines from Languedoc, and 'tis hoped, that in a short Time Commerce will be restored with all the Provinces of France.

They are going to coin Louis d'Ors at the Royal Mint at Paris, there having been lately brought thither for that Purpose Gold Ingots amounting to the Value of 100 Millions of Livres.

Notwithstanding some of the Rogues who infested Hampstead Road have been taken up and brought to Justice, yet still they are as Plenty there as ever; and on Friday Night last a Gentleman was attacked in his own Coach by four Foot-pads, who carried off his Money, Watch and Sword.

On Sunday Morning last about 2 a Clock, 4 young Gentlemen had a Fancy to frolick it into the Country; accordingly they hired a Coach and took Hampstead Road; when they came to the Turnpike, the People there dissuaded them from going forward, from an Apprehension they had that some Rogues were out. But being full of Wine, they were deaf to all Advice, declaring what Wonders they would do if attack'd. They had not drove far before the Coach was stopped by 4 Footpads; upon which one of them (Captain S——y) jumpt out of the Coach, and appeared himself a Man of Courage, but the other 3 notwithstanding their being finely'd with Burgundy and Champaign, tamely delivered up their Watches, Rings, Hats and Wigs. The Captain resisted some Hurt, but for his Bravery the Pads left him his Hat, Wig and Sword. So ended the Frolick, and they all returned to Town about 3 a Clock lighter (though some will have it heavier) than they set out.

A while ago, the Corporation of the Town of Kendale in Westmorland, having received a Letter from Town addressed to their Chief Magistrate, in the Name of a great Lady signifying, that she was extremely desirous to know which Way she could be serviceable to that Town, and what it was they wanted either for Use or Ornament that might be in her Power to give or procure for them: The said Corporation not many Days ago sent two Deputies to wait upon the Lady, to thank her for the Honour of her Letter, and commit it to her Ladyship to do for them as to her great Goodness and Discretion should seem meet: But when their Deputies had Audience, her Ladyship was astonished, and declared she knew nothing of any such Letter; and that it must have been a Counterfeit of some wicked People of the Town: Upon which, they quickly took Leave, and returned with great Shame and Precipitation to Kendale, to give an Account of this unfortunate Deputation.

Christned Males 178. Females 181. In all 359.
Buried Males 219. Females 270. In all 489.
Decreased in the Burials this Week 5.

People seem mightily pleased with the Bill now depending in Parliament for the better regulating of Elections, brought in by *Mr. Hutchinson*, as what will highly conduce to the Preservation of the Electors; and our Expectations from thence are at present very large.

The Prices of Goods at Bear Key as follow:

Wheat 17 s. to 28 s. *per* Quarter Barley 12 s. to 14 s. Pale Malt 12 s. to 20 s. Ditto Distillers 12 s. to 18 s. Rye 12 s. to 13 s. Oats 7 s. to 14 s. Pease 18 s. to 22 s. Horse Beans 13 s. to 19 s. Ditto Ticks 12 s. to 14 s. Hops 2 l. 13 s. to 3 l. 3 s. *per* Hundred Coals 24 s. to 27 s. *per* Chaldron. *Colchester Cr. Boys* 15 *d. per El. Ditto* 6 *Seals* 14 *d. dit. and* 19 *s. per Piece.*

South-Sea Stock was 97 3 qrs. for the Opening, with the Dividend. Bank 121 1 half. India 136. African 23. Royal Exchange Assurance 7 1 half. London Assurance 4 5 8ths. York Buildings 27 7 8ths. Lottery Annuities 100 3 qrs. 20 l. Prizes 13 l. 8 s. Blanks 7 l. 18 s. York Buildings Prizes 7 1 qr. Years Purchase.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

In the Press, For the Use of Children and Cities,

*** *A New Accedence*, by S. LOWE of Hammersmith, in one Sheet, answering to the former Part of Dean Pren's Latin Grammar, which consists of 219 Pages; and shewing his many Defects. To which will be added, A Specimen of his Errors, Obscurities and Superfluities. (N B.) This Sheet is publish'd before the Whole is finish'd, (1) To ask the Advice of the Learned. (2) To answer the Importunate Demands of those that ask by Scheme (3) And to give the Dean an Opportunity of making Replies.

This Day is publish'd,

CONsiderations recommending to the Proprietors of South-Sea Stock, the proposals for ingrafting part of that Company's Funds into the Stock of the Bank, and East-India Companies.

Rectus vivat, Licitâ, tenore clavum
Arcuper arguto, nesque dum procellis
Cautus horrescit, nimium premendo
Littus iniquum. Horat.

Printed for A. Moore, near St. Paul's. 1722. price 6 d.

This Day is publish'd,

A Description of the Nature of Slavery among the Moors, and the cruel Sufferings of those that fall into it; with the Manner of their being brought to, and sold like Beasts at Publick Markets; and several curious Incidents relating to the Customs peculiar to that Barbarous, from the King to the meanest Peasant. To which is added, An Account of Capt. Stuart's Negociations for the Redemption of the King's Captives; As also the Success of the same, with an exact List of the Persons that were Redeemed, the Number of those that turn'd Moors, or dy'd during the Treaty, and their Passage Home, and the Names of the respective ships taken by the Salley Rovers, from Octob. 5 1714, to July 14, 1721. Written by one of the said Redeem'd Captives. Printed for J. Peele at Locke's Head in Paternoster-Row. Price 6 d.

Just published, being now made the most useful Book of that Kind extant, the Fifth Edition of.

The complete Surveyer, or the whole Art of Surveying of Land, by a new Instrument lately invented, or else by the plain Table Circumference, the Theodolite as now improved, or by the Chain only, containing plain and easy Directions in several Kinds of Mensuration, and other Things necessary to be known in a Work of that Nature, by William Leybourn. The whole altered and amended, and two entire Books added, by the Author long before his Death. The Fifth Edition in nine Books. Every Operation both Geometrical and Arithmetical being examined, and an Appendix added to the whole, consisting of practical Observations in Land-surveying by Stained Cards. Printed for Samuel Ballard at the blew Ball, and Aaron Ward at the King's Arms in Little Britain, and Tho. Woodward at the half Moon against St. Dunstans Church in Fleet-street. 1722.

Last Week was published,

A Funeral Sermon occasioned by the Death of the late Reverend and Learned Dr. John Gale. Preached December 31. 1721. By the Reverend John Kinch, LL. D. London: Printed by S. Palmer for Aaron Ward, at the King's Arms in Little Britain. 1722. Price 4 d. Where may be had, Dr. Gales Reflections on Mr. Wells History of Infant Baptism.

On Monday will be published,

The Crying Sin of PERJURY, and the heinous and detestable Nature of that Sin declared and described: Together with the sufficiency Nature and Danger of the Sin of common and profane Swearing. By DANIEL DEFOE. Esq. Printed for John Clark, at the Bible and Crown in the Poultry, near Cheapside. Price 6 d. Where may be had (lately Published) 1. In Defence upon the PLAGUE, with a Preparative Antidote of Malignant Fevers. In two Parts. Containing, I. An Explication of the Nature of that Distemper. II. The Method of Cure. By Sir RICHARD BLACKMORE, Knt. M. D. The 3d Edition Price 1 s. 6 d. 2. A perfect Discovery of the Rebellious Language. By Sir ROGER L'ESTRANGE. Price 6 d.

*** *MARTHA WILLIAMS*, Milliner, removed from the Royal Exchange, to the Corner of Chancery Lane, in Cornhill-Street.

LAtely brought from High Germany, a very fine Parcel of fine English Cotton Wicks, Double, Single, Lamp, Flat and Oval; a very fine Parcel of English Brimstone, and a very fine Parcel of Bed-Sticks. To be Sold at the Black Lyon in Bishops-Gate Street, near Queen-Lane, London.

On

On the Beginning of laſt Week, one Mr. Kent, a young Gentleman that goes to School at Reading, being juſt arriv'd at that Town from London, and croſſing the Churchyard there, was attack'd by two Foot-pads, who robb'd him of his little ſtock of Money; and being about to ſtrip him of his Cloaths beſides, he told them, they had beſt take Care what they did, for he knew them both; upon which, they ſaid, they would take Care that he ſhould tell no Tales, and ſo began to pull out his Tongue to cut it off; but before they could altogether accompliſh their barbarous Deſign, ſome Perſons happily came by, and then the Rogues thought it high Time to make their Eſcape, which they did for that Time, but were apprehended next Day, and are now in Reading Goal.

Laſt Week died Mr. Powers, one of the eſtabliſh'd Clerks of the Treaſury; he is ſucceeded in that Place by Mr. Le Hoop, another Clerk, who is alſo ſucceeded in his by Mr. Charles Lownds, Son to William Lownds, Eſq.

On Monday the 29th Inſtant, the Commiſſioners of the Navy deſign to treat with ſuch Perſons as are inclined to perform the Smith's Work of his Majeſty's Yard at Portſmouth, upon a ſtanding Contract.

Several Butchers have been lately bound over by Colonel Mitchel, for ſelling unwholeſome Meat in Rag Fair: And as there are many of theſe Carrion-Mongers about Town, proper Care will be taken to prevent their endangering the Health of their poor Cuſtomers.

In our Paris Letters we have an Account, that an old Maid died lately in that City (as 'twas thought) of Hunger and Cold, who had hoarded up no leſs than One Hundred Thouſand Livres in old Specie, which are confiſcated to the King's Uſe. Thus are the Sordid and Avaritious puniſhed, by ſtarving in the midſt of Plenty.

In Chriſtmas Holidays there being a meeting of ſome young People of Faſhion of both Sexes near the Exchange, to make merry; amongſt many Gambols, they appointed one of the Company to be the Prieſt, and four or five Couple were married preſently, all the Queſtions and Reſponſes being made in due Form. At parting one of thoſe dear Sweetings could not tell how to forſake her Husband, and was manifeſtly diſordered upon it. The next Morning the Girl's Father underſtanding what had paſſ'd with his Daughter, ſent for her Dear, and by the Offer of a good Fortune, and a kind Father in Law, prevailed with the young Man to marry his Daughter in earneſt, which he did that very Day.

We hear, Mr. Edward Stanley ſucceeds Mr. Wood (lately deceaſed) as Clerk of the Cheeque to the Yeomen of the Guard.

Tueſday being the Firſt Day of the Term, ſeveral Gameſters, &c. appeared at the King's Bench Bar on their Recognizances, and were continued on the ſame. A *Habeas Corpus* is granted for the bringing up the two Bailiffs Reaton and Tranter to their Tryals there.

On Monday Night laſt a Boat was over-ſet going through Bridge, wherein was Two Watermen, one of which was drowned, and the other had undergone the ſame Fate, had it not been for the kind Aſſiſtance of ſome People in another Boat that happen'd then to be near them.

The Account that has been publiſhed in ſeveral Papers this Week, of *Wade* and *Child*, who robbed the Briſtol Mail, being bailed out of Newgate, is falſe and groundleſs, they being under ſtrict Confinement, in order to be try'd.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint the Right Honourable William Pulteney, Eſq; Lieutenant of the Eaſt-Riding of the County of York, and Town of Kingſton upon Hull and County of the ſame.

THE Right Honourable THOMAS PELHAM, *Eſq;*
Sir NICHOLAS CAREW, *Bart.*
AND
JOHN WALTER, *Eſq;*
who have been unanimouſly agreed upon to ſtand for Knights of the Shire for the County of Surrey for the enſuing Election, by a much greater Number of Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders, from all Parts of the ſaid County, who met at Epſom on Monday the 18th Inſtant, than ever were known to meet on the like Occaſion.

SIR, Your Vote and Intereſt are deſired for
Sir EDWARD KNATCHBULL } *Baronets.*
And
Sir THOMAS TWISDEN }
who at a Meeting of the Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Kent, held at Maidſtone on Tueſday the 9th of January inſtant, purſuant to an Advertiſement of the 18th of December laſt, were the only Perſons agreed upon to ſtand for Knights of the Shire for the ſaid County, at the enſuing Election.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Surry. Your Vote and Intereſt is deſired for
The Rt. Hon. the Lord BALTIMORE
AND
HENRY TEMPLE, *Eſq;*
being Unanimouſly agreed on to ſtand Candidates for the ſaid County, at the next Election, by a very great Number of Gentlemen who met at Epſom.

THE ANNIVERSARY Meeting of the Gentlemen educated at Blackheath School, will be kept on Wedneſday the 31ſt of January at one of the Clock, at the Mitre Tavern in Fleetſtreet, where Tickets may be had.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Juſt publiſhed, and is ready to be delivered to the Subſcribers,

† Some Account of the preſent Greek Church, with Reflections on their preſent Doctrine and Diſcipline, particularly in the Euchariſt, and the reſt of their Seven pretended Sacraments; compared with Jac. Goar's Notes upon the Greek Ritual. By John Covel, D. D. and Maſter of Chriſt Church College in Cambridge. Printed for Corn. Crownfield, Printer to the Univerſity of Cambridge; and ſold by J. Knapton and R. Knaplock in St. Paul's Church-yard, and W. Taylor, in Paternoſter-Row, London.

This Day is publiſhed, the 10th Edition, proper for the Holy Seaſon of Lent.

† I. A Guide to the Devout Chriſtian, in 3 Parts; contains 1. Prayers for every Day in the Week, with Prayers for particular Perſons. 2. Prayers for Families; with many Occaſional Prayers. 3. A Diſcourſe on the Holy Sacrament, with Prayers and Directions for receiving thereof. Prayers for Ash Wednesday, Good-Friday or any Time in Lent; with a Guide to Repentance. By Dr Horn. Price 2 s. 6 d. II. An Earneſt Invitation to the Holy Sacrament, with proper Inſtructions and Prayers for receiving the ſame; now made publick for the Benefit of Mankind. Price 1 s. Printed for T. Warren at the Three Daggers in Fleetſtreet.

*** An infallible Cure for the SCURVY, and all its moſt grievous Symptoms in both Sexes, and in Perſons of all Ages and Conſtitutions, by unparallel'd Chymical Drugs, which purify the Blood and Juices perfectly and ſweeten all the Fluids, cleanſe them from all Manner of Impurities and perfectly clear the whole Habit of all Spots, Blotches, Surfeits, Itchings &c. things out, and every other Diſeaſe of the Skin; certainly removing all Weakneſs and Imbecility common to many ſcorbutick perſons, and abſolutely eradicating the Scurvy, and all its concomitant Symptoms in a moſt wonderful manner, entirely deſtroying it Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again: and that in a very ſhort Space of Time, without the leaſt Sickneſs, Trouble, or Confinement, as Thouſands have experienc'd. Are ſold only by the Author's Appointment by the Gentlewoman at the two blue Poſts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.

*** The VAPOURS in Women infallibly cured in an inſtant, ſo as never to return again, by an admirable Chymical Secret, a few Drops of which takes off a Fit in a Moment, diſpels Dulneſs, clears the Head, the uſeful Swimming, Giddineſs, Diſmeſs of Sight, Flushings in the Face, &c. in a Minute, and moſt certainly prevents the Vapours returning again; for by curing out the very Cauſe, it perfectly cures, as Hundreds have experienc'd: It alſo ſtrengthens the Stomach and Bowels, and cauſes Lively Looks and fruſhed Cheeks. Is only ſold only at Mr. Radford's Tea-ſhop, at the Bull and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, near Arundel-ſtreet End; price 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions. Beware of Counterfeits or other Pleas.

This is to give Notice,

THat the only True and Original Royal Chymical Waſhballs, for the Hands and Face, are removed from Mr. Lambert's the Glover's, to prevent the Publick's being impoſed on by Counterfeits, and are now ſold only at Mr. Allcroft's Tea-ſhop, at the Blue-coat Boy againſt the Royal-Exchange, in Cornhill; and at Mrs. Giles's, Milliner, near Hercules Pillars Alley, by the Temple, in Fleet-ſtreet: They have ſtood theſe twenty Years, been largely experienced, and highly commended by all that uſe them for making the Skin ſo delicately ſoft and ſmooth, as not to be paralleld by either Wash, Powder, Coſmetick, &c. they being indeed real Beautifiers of the Skin, by taking off all Deformities, as Pimples, Ring Worms, Morphew, Sun-burn, Scurf, Pimples, Pits, or Rodnels of the Small-pox, and leaving it of a laſting and extreme Whiteneſs. They ſoon alter red or rough Hands, &c. are admirable in ſhaving the Head, they not only give a more expreſſive Sharpneſs to the Razor, but in comfort the Brain and Nerves ſo as to prevent catching Cold. They are of a grateful and pleaſant Scent, with out the leaſt Grain of Mercury, ſold only by Mr. Allcroft and Mrs. Giles as above, price 1 s. each, and no where elſe in London, by Retail; therefore beware of Counter-Feits, which are not only baſe and fruſtful, but may alſo prove dangerous.

At CARPENTERS-HALL, near Little Moor-Gate, London.

IS a cotinued Sale of all ſorts of Houſhold Goods, New and Old, to be ſold cheap, with the loweſt Price ſtated on each Lot; and conſiſts of great choice of very good and faſhionable Mohogany Desks, Chairs, Cradles and Bed Steads, from 8 to 15 Pound high, Fine Cabinets, Screens, Tea-tables, handſome Tea Tables, the beſt Sort of Card Tables, very fine large Walnut-tree and Japan Bureaus, corner Cupboards, writing Desks, and Book-cases, Chefts of Drawers, eaſy Chairs, Leather, Cane and matted Chairs, Down and Feather Beds, large glaſs Sconces; Pier and Chimney Glaſſes, Turkey Carpets, Tapeſtry, with divers Clocks; and a large Collection of Pictures; with all Sizes and Shades in Pictures, &c for Furniture.

N. B. Attendance is given from Nine in the Morning till Six at Night.

THis is to give Notice, that the Sale is begun of all the Shop Goods of Mr. William Hall, late Linnen-Draper, at the Golden-Key in King-ſtreet, Covent-Garden, conſiſting of ſeveral Thouſand Pounds Worth of fine Holland, Cambricks, Lawns, fine Muſlins, Callicoes, Diapers, Damaſks, and Huckabacks, and all other ſorts of Holland and Linnen in a Linnen Draper's Way.

N. B. To prevent Trouble and Impoſition, the loweſt Price is ſet upon each Piece, and it will continue to be ſold at the aforeſaid Shop from Day to Day till all are diſpoſed of.

This

This Day is published, Printed for T. Watton at the three Daggers in Fleet Street.

1. Mr. Rushworths Historical Collections of State, Weighty Matters in Law and Parliamentary Affairs, in 8 Vols. Price £3. 8s.

2. A compleat History of England, from the first Account of Time, to the Reign of Queen Ann, in 3 Vols. Price 31 10s.

3. Archbishop Lloyd, Revolts, with his Speeches. Price 12s.

4. Dr. Ingo Military of the British Church, being a Continuation of Bishop Stillingfleet Origines Britannicæ. 2 Vols. Price 11. 6s.

5. A Geographical, and Historical Dictionary, by the late learn'd Mr. Robins in Folio Price 12s.

6. Machiavel, (the great Politician) Works Price 7s 6d.

Next Month will be published,

The State of Ancient and Modern Learning;

or, a Critical and Historical Account of all Authors extant: The Ancient extracted from the Original Monuments and Records that remain of them, and digested in a Chronological Order, and to be continued down to the present Time: The Modern taken from the Works of the Learned, which are daily published at home and abroad, with an Introduction, giving a more full and particular Account of the whole Design, and the Method in which it is intended to be performed. By several Hands. To be continued Monthly.

†††† The GOUT absolutely cured so as never to return again, by a peculiar Specifick Secret to be taken in Drops only with a Glass of Wine, which perfectly takes off, and infallibly cures the most racking Fit in the Space, intirely taking away the Acrimonious Texture, and establishing in its stead perfect and absolute miraculous Ease, and that without any Disturbance to Nature, or the least Danger of recalling the morbifick Matter from the extream Parts to the Head, Stomach, Lungs, or Bowels, but on the contrary effectually secures those noble Parts from being seiz'd by the Gout, and may be really depended upon, not only certainly and immediately to take off the most excruciating Fit, but also effectually to prevent its ever returning again, more effectually than the Peruvian Bark does Agues. It is sold only by the Author's Appointment by the Gentlewoman at the two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, at 5 s. a Bottle, with Directions.

Lucatellus Balsam,

§§§ So universally known by all Physicians and others not to contain Virtues, compared of the true Balm of Gilead and other noble and rich balsamick Ingredients, it being pleasant both in Taste and Scent, and made now to its better Perfection than ever before; which certainly and effectually cures all inward Bruises, Sprains, Wounds, Stabs, Cuts, green Wounds, and fresh chapp'd Nipples. Lips and Hands and takes away all Aches or Pains; is healing to bowels and universal Medicine, no Family ought to be without it. To prevent Counterfeits, it is only Sold by Mrs Gerway, the South Entrance of the Royal Exchange, on Cornhill side, and no where else, at 3 s. 6 d. the Gallipot, with Directions.

NOtice is hereby given to all Gentlemen, and others who keep Horses, that a most excellent and incomparable Cure is found out, which infallibly in one Minute cleanses with the first fit in the Heels, or the Scratches or Mallenders, tho' broken out in the most virulent manner, yea, although the Horse had it from the Dams: To be had at W. Shank's, who keeps a Livery-table at the End of Go. Ru. Hatter-street near St. Giles's parish; at Thomas Sergeant's, a Parish-maker, in Houndsditch near Aldgate gate; at Mr. Trefficer, who keeps a Livery-table at Hide-park Corner at the Sign of the Bear, at 5 s. per Bottle, with printed Directions how to be applied, and the Undertaker will perfectly perform the Cure on any Gentleman's Horse, upon pain of having nothing for Trouble, if he performs not the Cure.

MR. *Henry Brand*, Servant to the Right Honourable the Earl Gad——, having been for a long Time grievously afflicted with the Evil, to that Degree, that he had Twenty running Sores, He tried various Means, and had been under the Hands of a Surgeon of the first Note in this City, but obtaining no Relief, and growing rather worse, he at last apply'd himself to Mr. JOHN MOORE, Apothecary, at the Pestle and Mortar in Abchurch-Lane, London, who by a peculiar and only Method has perfectly cured him of the aforesaid Distemper; and though it is a Cure considerable Time short, he continues well; so that he is allowed to be a great Cook, even by his Brothers themselves. The aforesaid Mr. Brand having paid for his Cure to Content, has under no Obligation, but for the Publick Good, is willing to satisfy any modest Enquirer more at large. He is to be spoken with most Days in the Cathedral Wood in Stable yard, a little above the Thatch'd-House Tavern in St. James's-street.

This being Notice,

To the FEMALE SEX.

THat Barrenness, Miscarriage, and all other Weaknesses and Indispositions in Women are faithfully and speedily cured by the Gentlewoman at the Golden Key in Haydon Yard in the Minories by a very extraordinary Method, and exceeding fine and pleasant Medicines, a very Years experience, and are in very certain and effectual, that many dances of Gentlewomen of Consideration have been quickly and absolutely cured by her of Barrenness and Miscarriage, when thought impossible; and great Misgivers of Women and Maids of other grievous Disorders, for a small Charge, after they had been left off by several as incurable. She is to be advised with at her House above-mentioned, every Day in the Week. Those who write to her from the Country, are desired to send their Letters Post-paid.

The most Fam'd

*** Cephalick and Pulmonick Spicies, (that hath gained so much Reputation amongst Gentlemen of the first Rank, and others, that have taken it for these 12 or 14 Years last past, from the Time it was first published, that we need not say no more to the public) A Dose of which eases with your Tobacco and Smoak'd, wonderfully comforts the Brain and Nerves, takes away Pain and Noise in the Head, removes Thickness of Hearing, prevents and helps Apoplexy & Palsies, Vertigoes. It is a most excellent Remedy for Catarrhs, Affections, Colds of Coughs, and all Distractions of Rheums or Humours upon the Eyes, Pearls, Thrush and Lungs; absolutely strengthens the Inner, and preserves them from Consumptions; and for taking away the Cause of Rheumatisms and preventing and healing the Rise of the Gout, proves a great Remedy that must be aware of. 'Tis of a fine fragrant Smell, and Gentle in operation that it is admired by all People, that any Gentlemen favouring it only for the Pleasure of the Scent. Price 7 s. 6 d. each Time (Directions how Gratis, which is enough in this Cold Climate) Prepared and Sold only by Mr. Bennett, next Door to the Blackmore Arms in Little-Green, Goodman's Fields, near White-Chapel, London.

THE most Noble Volatile Smelling Bottle in the World, which Gentlemen, immediately smelling the most distant Effluvia or Smelling Vial, and in a Moment, removes Flushing, Vapours, Dizziness, Head-ach, Megrims, &c. It takes off all heavy Thoughts, removes Swoonings, keeps up the Spirits on a Minute, and by its all strange Operations, keeps off Infirmities and relieves the whole Man; recreates and refreshes Fainting, but Indigestion and relieves the whole Man; recreates and refreshes Fainting, but Indigestion and relieves the whole Man; recreates and refreshes Fainting, but Indigestion